Make Safety Predictive

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Sebastian Bartels Vice President, EMEA DEKRA Organisational Reliability Ltd.



WHO IS DEKRA?







39,000 employees

5 continents

€2.9bn

over 50 countries



OUR VISION 2025

We will be the **global** partner for a safe world

Prevent accidents to protect lives

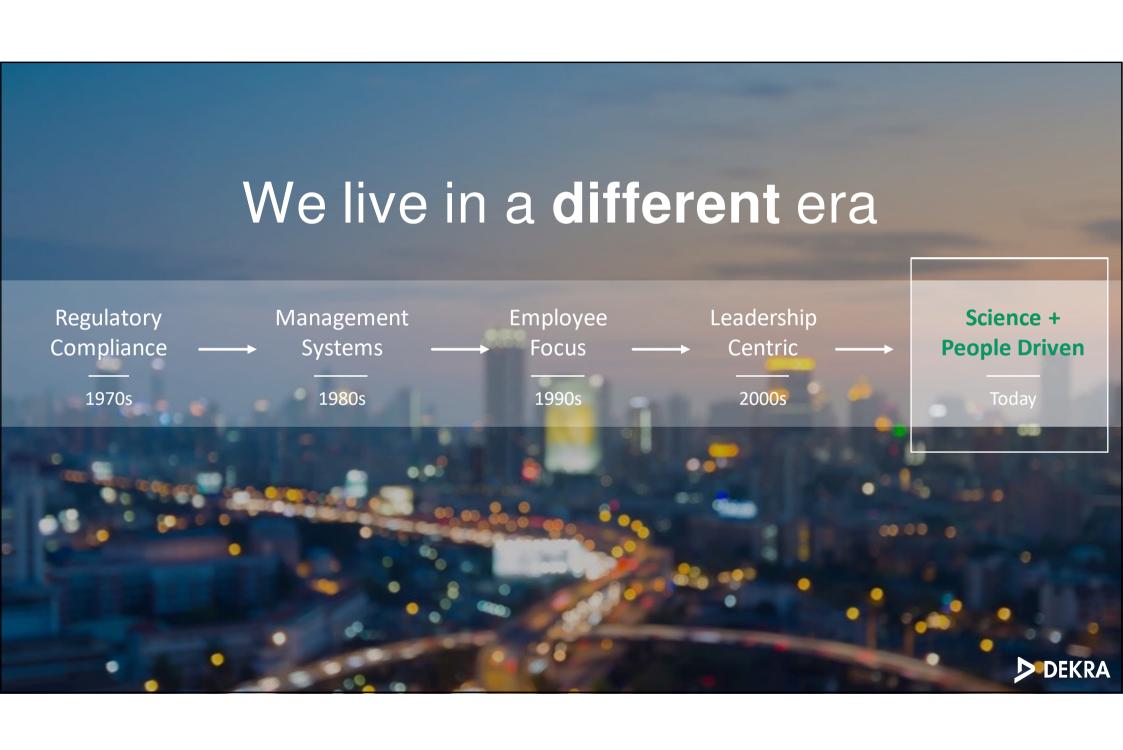
Global partnering with all stakeholders

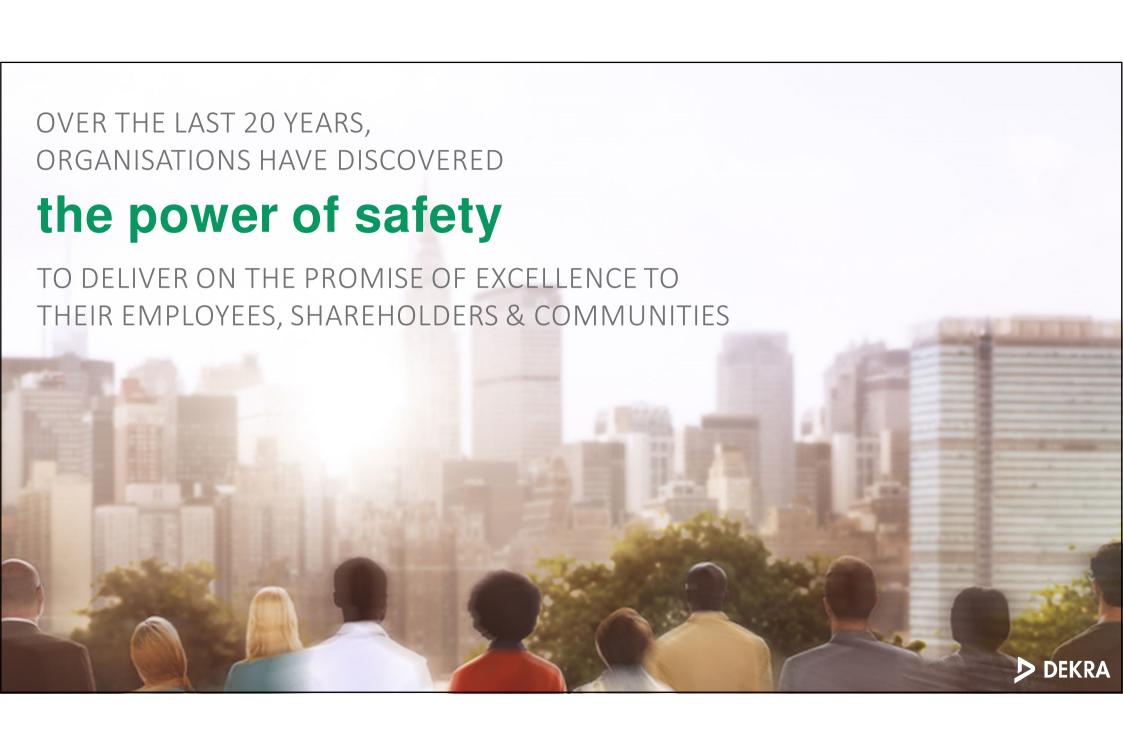
Global thought leader in safety

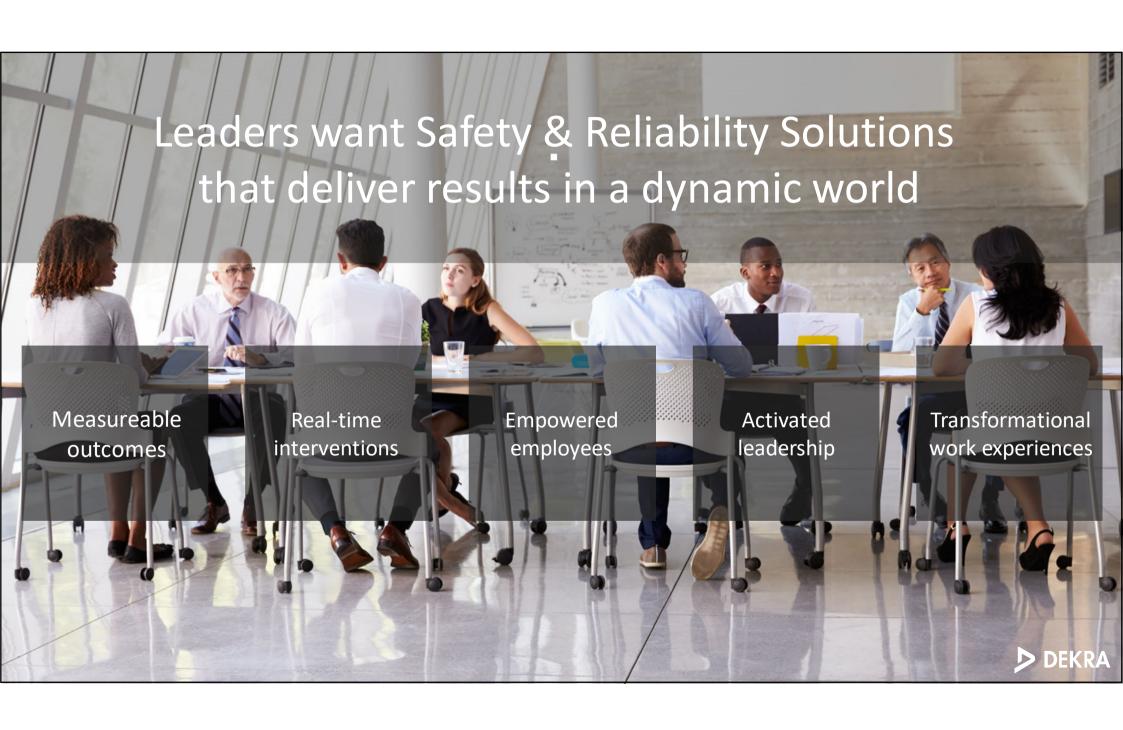














CULTURE

Protect your people, plant & process with a Culture of Care



LEADERSHIP

Develop authentic Leaders for enhanced individual, team & business performance



SAFETY STRATEGY

Engineer your roadmap to great Safety performance



FATIGUE RISK MANAGEMENT

Apply science to real life for optimal workplace performance



SERIOUS INJURIES & FATALITIES

Draw on the latest research to protect what matters most



EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

Engage workers in reducing risk and human error



OPERATIONAL RELIABILITY

Create a high-performance organisation with the best in behavioural-& neuro-sciences



PROJECT SUPPORT

Deliver Safety & Reliability on time and on budget

WHAT OUR CLIENTS SAY...

"DEKRA is a thought leader."

"Working with DEKRA has changed the way our top executives think about safety."

"They're always trying to improve safety. [With every innovation] there's always a purpose behind it. "

"DEKRA is super easy
to work with. They're
very flexible. We've
enjoyed our ongoing
relationship with DEKRA
and it will continue
for a long time."

"Our organization is not just developing safety leadership, it is developing leadership."



GLC HSE Management Forum

Make Safety Predictive



You

- Who has defined Injury Rate targets?
- Who has defined Injury Rate targets for the management

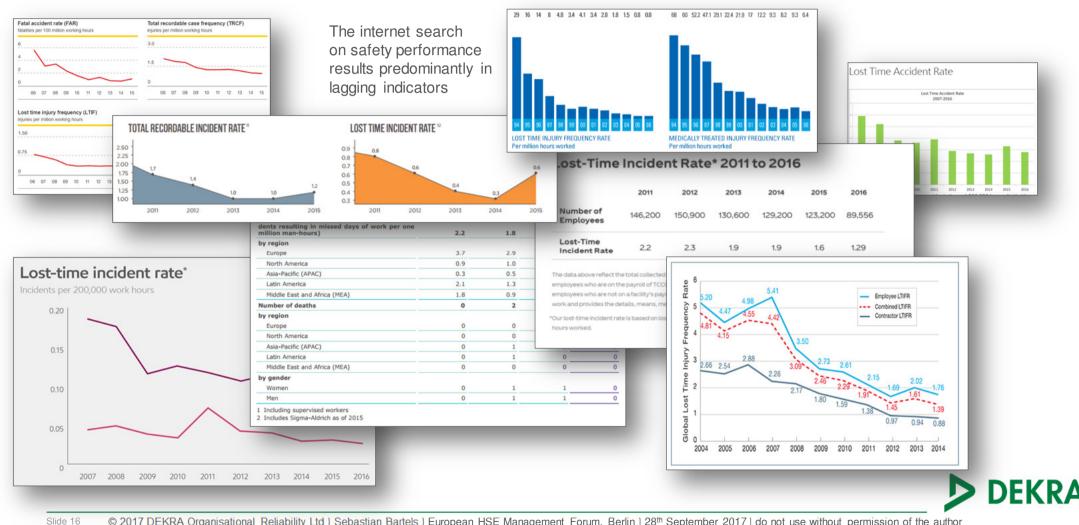
- Who is monitoring leading indicators?
- Who has targets related to leading indicators?

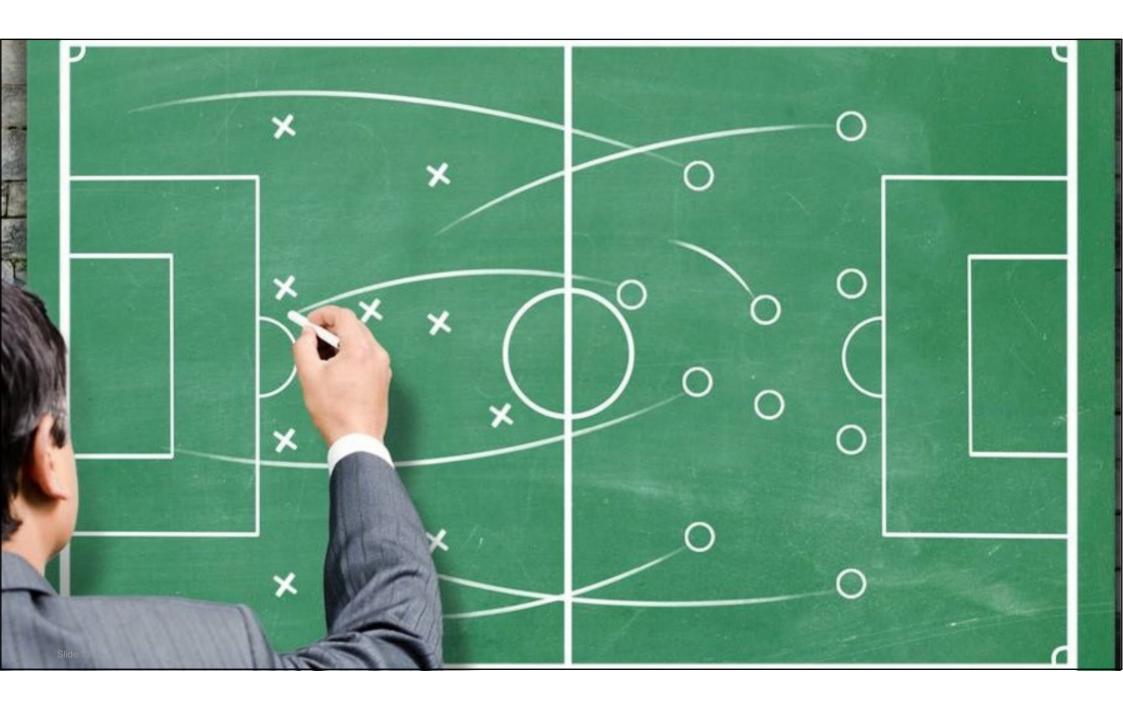






The focus on incident rates often leads into individual targets





Lagging vs. Leading indicators

Why do we use lagging indicators?

- they are easy to measure
- they are accurate
- We have them since years
- We can compare us with others
- We can link them with punishment or bonuses
- We believe "when we measure them, we can control them"
- They seem to support "Zero Accident" visions

But they are useless for...

- Changing the outcomes
- Deciding on actions
- Predict / forecast the future
- Motivating people or giving them a vision





Influencing the future requires different types of measurement

To influence the future, a different type of measurement is required

- one that is predictive rather than a result, e.g.
 - if you want to increase safety, safety walks could be a predictive measure
 - If you want to decrease employee turnover, predictive measure could be to coach and train leaders
- Measuring leading activities provides you with the possibility to estimate results or at least tendencies.

Why don't we often use leading indicators?

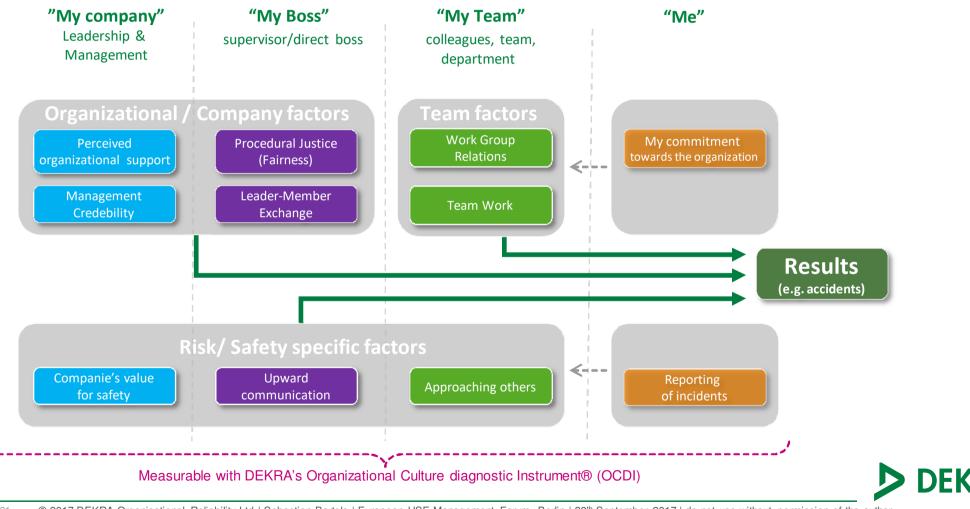
- It is difficult to find the right ones
- It is difficult to report/monitor
- You need several leading indicators
- Acceptance and validity might be low



Quote of Peter Drucker, 1986



Organizational Culture can be made a measurable indicator



Organizational Culture is a leading indicator

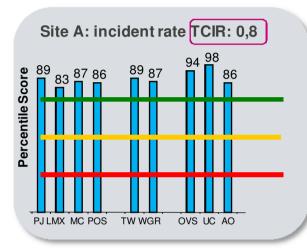


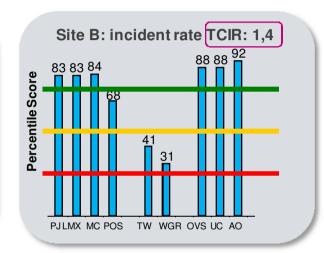
OCDI® Score	Average accident rate per 1 million hours worked	Sample size n=
3,76	9,8	45
3,64 – 3,75 —	18,8	45
3,53 – 3,63	22,6	45
3,40 – 3,52 —	25,8	45
3,39	35,1	44

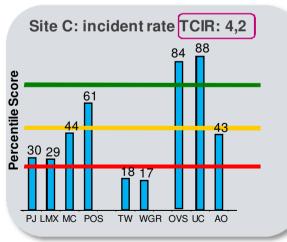
The Organizational Culture Diagnostic Instrument OCDI® measures 9 different culture dimensions. Employees and leaders score on organizational and behavioral questions. The raw scores range from 1 ("strongly disagree") to 5 ("strongly agree").

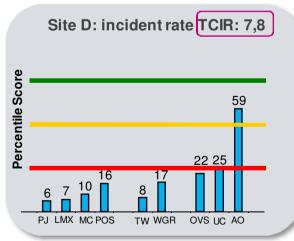
The survey is a perception survey which means that sometimes the results show a gap between what is real and what is perceived to be the case.

Real samples show the correlation between culture and incident rates









PJ Procedural Justice

LMX Leader-Member Exchange

MC Management Credibility

POS Perceived Organizational Support

TW Team Work

WGR Work Group Relations

OVS Organizational Value for Safety

UC Upward Communication

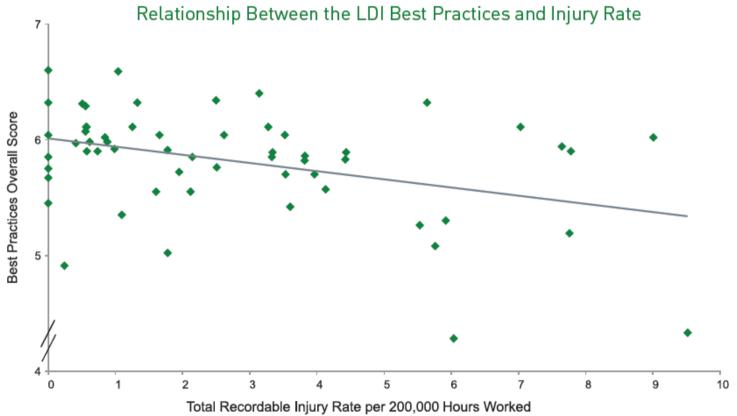
AO Approaching Others

TCIR = 200,000 x annual # of injuries incurred annual total # of hours worked

Recordable injury: one or more days lost from work, or a fatality



Also leaders' leading indicators correlate with injury rates

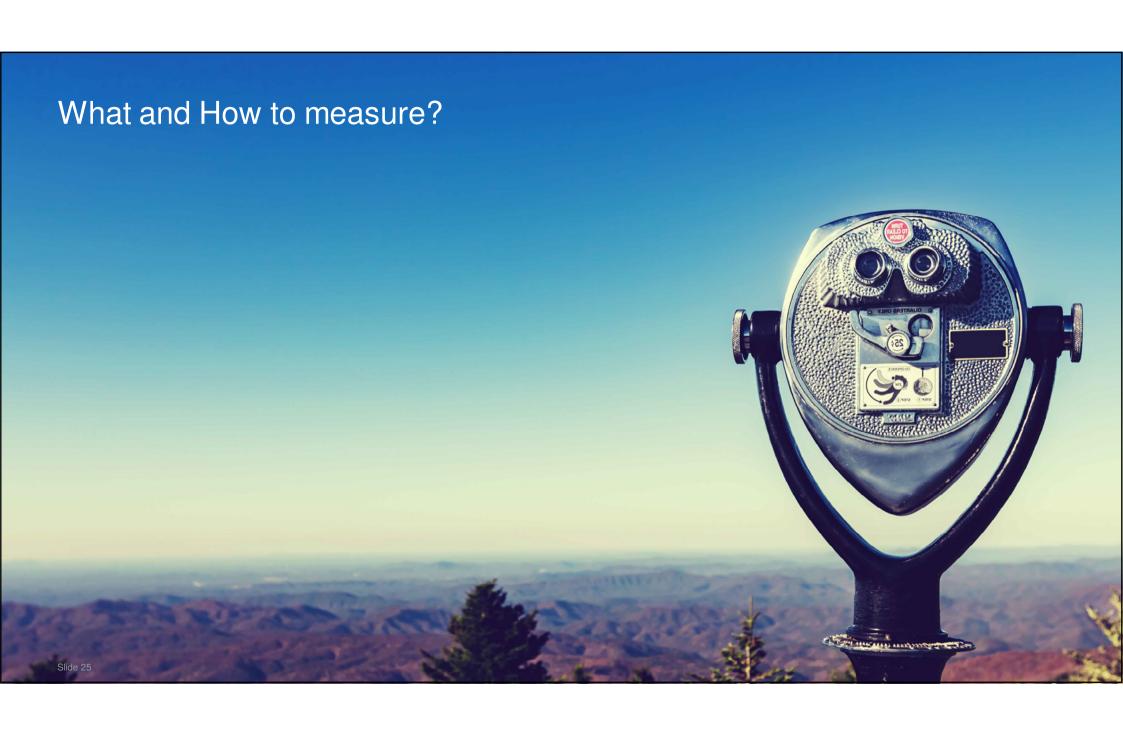


There is a statistically significant relationship between the LDI Best Practices and injury rate; n = 58, r = -0.384, p < 0.05.

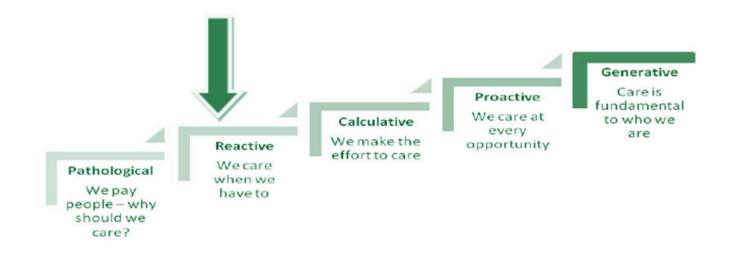
Research shows a significant relationship between the LDI best practices and injury rates.

Leaders with higher scores on the LDI have lower injury rates.

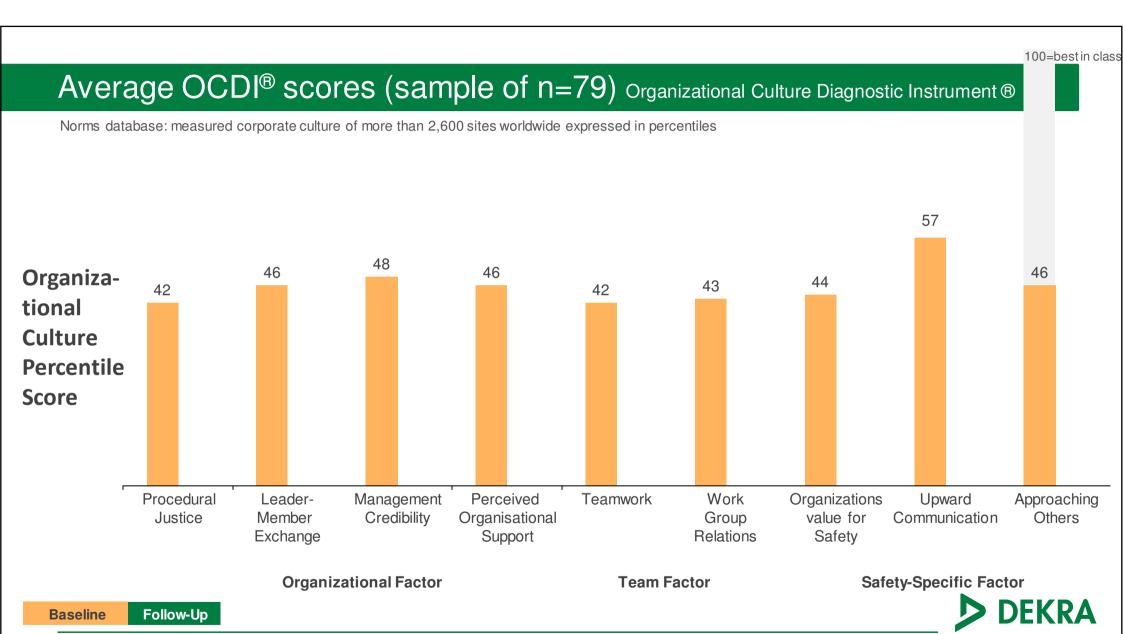




Culture of Care Maturity Ladder®





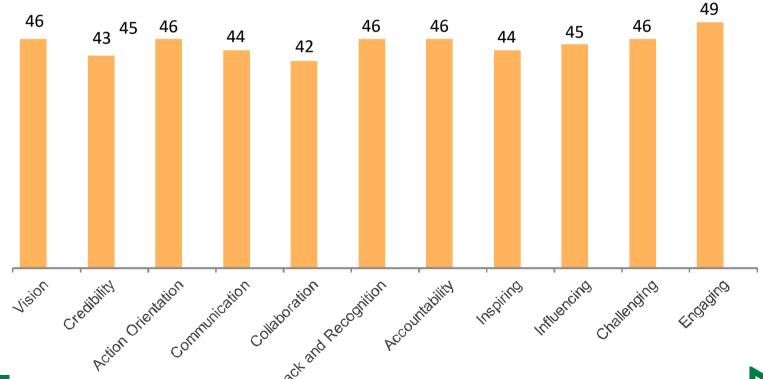


Average Leadership Diagnostic scores (n=1200) (Leadership Diagnostic Instrument®)

Norms database: measured leadership best practice of thousands leaders worldwide expressed in percentiles

100=best in class

Leadership **Best Practice Percentile** Score



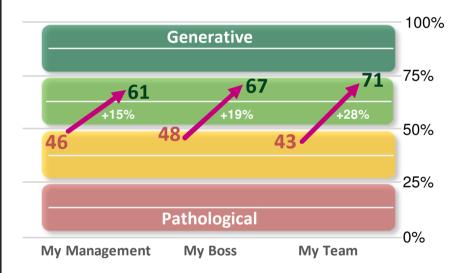
Baseline

Follow-Up



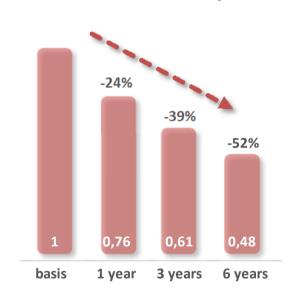
Culture up → Incident rates down

Culture increases



Incident Rates decrease predictable

Increasing culture
through leadership
development and
employee engagement
results in decreasing
incident rates

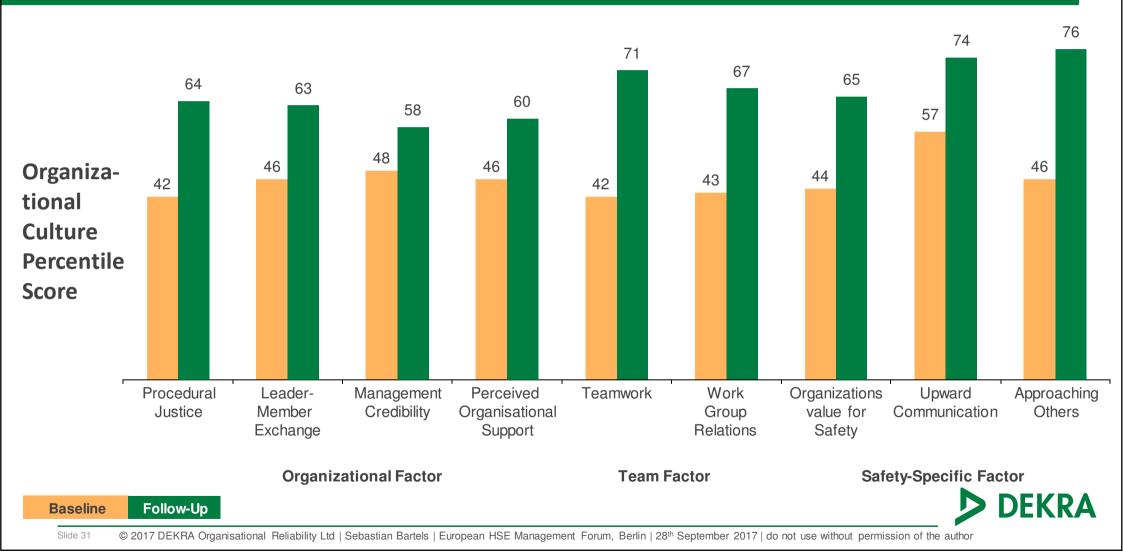


Average Improvement of the measured company culture Evaluation of n = 79 locations (DEKRA clients)

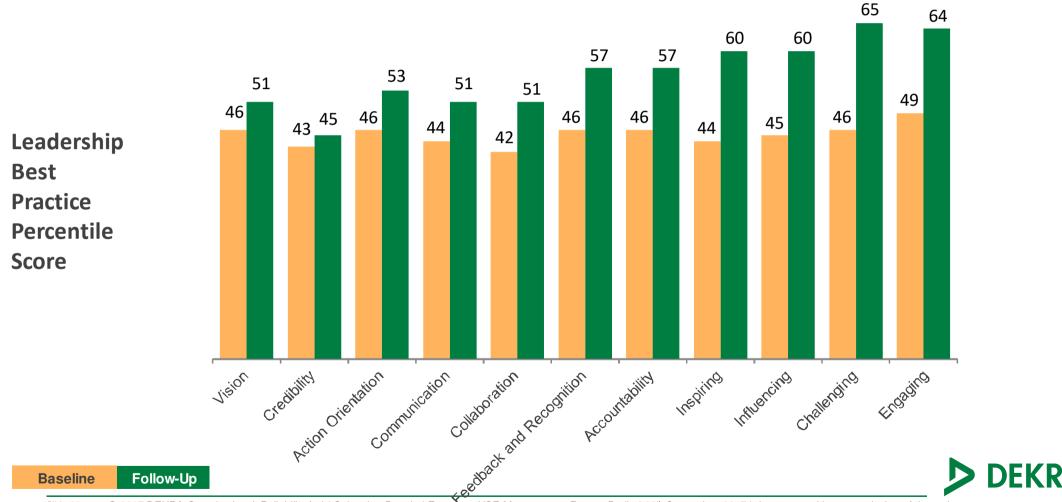
Average Improvement of the incident rates as a result of the intervention. Evaluation of n = 353 locations (DEKRA clients; at least 1 day lost time).



Average OCDI® score improvement (n=79) Organizational Culture Diagnostic Instrument®



Average Scores Leadership Diagnostic (n=1200) (Leadership Diagnostic Instrument®)



Also other indicators can be improved

Industry	Topic	Performance Measurement	Measured Improvement	Description
Printing Factory	Quality	Redo incidents per 100.000 pieces	67%	Baseline performance showed a redo incident rate of 7.4 for the 3 months preceding DEKRA's intervention. After DEKRA's methodology was implemented the redo incidents were reduced by 67% after 6 months to a 2.4 average.
Heavy Equipment Distribution	Quality	Claims per 100,000 pieces shipped	38%	Baseline performance showed a rate of 36.1 for the 2 years preceding DEKRA's intervention. After DEKRA's methodology was implemented the claims were reduced by 38% after 6 months to an av. rate of 22.3.
Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	Human Error	Human Error Discrepancy Index	68%	Baseline performance showed a rate of 1.1 for the 2 years preceding DEKRA's intervention. After the methodology was implemented the discrepancies were reduced by 68% after 1 year to an av. rate of .35.
Specialty Chemicals	Quality	Tons out of specification	43%	Baseline performance showed a rate of 4.4 for the 1+ years preceding DEKRA's intervention. After DEKRA's methodology was implemented the discrepancies were reduced by 43% after 6 months to an average rate of 2.5.
Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	Human Error	sevveral	22% / 43%	After DEKRA's methodology was implemented, errors were reduced by 22% in the 2nd quarter compared to the 1st quarter, and again by 43% in the 3rd quarter compared to the 1st quarter. No baseline data were available. The 1st quarter results served as proxy for baseline.



"DEKRA Insight's approach to transforming our culture using safety as the lever just made absolute sense. The tools, technology and strategies enabled dnata to achieve positive, transformational change across a large and diverse global business."

Stuart Hayman SVP Safety dnata

DEKRA Insight

CASE STUDY: dnata

ORGANISATION:

Ground handling, cargo, catering arm of The Emirates Group. 28,000 employees. Headquartered in Dubai with operations in Middle East, Europe, Asia, Australia and Latin America.

CHALLENGES:

Leadership saw the need to transform their culture around safety. Employees equated "safety" with aircraft damage.

APPROACH:

Our partnership with dnata began in 2013 with a global culture assessment and the global implementation of our behaviour-based safety system. Based on assessment findings, we expanded the scope to include establishing executive and local governance structure for the change initiative and cascaded safety leadership development.

To date, 2,200 supervisors have had skills building workshops and in-field coaching; 500 managers, all regional leadership teams, and the executive team have participated in leader assessments and individual coaching. We helped dnata develop new leading and lagging safety metrics. In addition, we introduced a process to identify and address the potential for serious injuries and fatalities.

RESULTS:

[Client holding specific results confidential.] dnata has seen tremendous improvement year over year in reducing overall injury rate, measurable potential for severity, equipment damage, and improvement in key business metric of On Time.

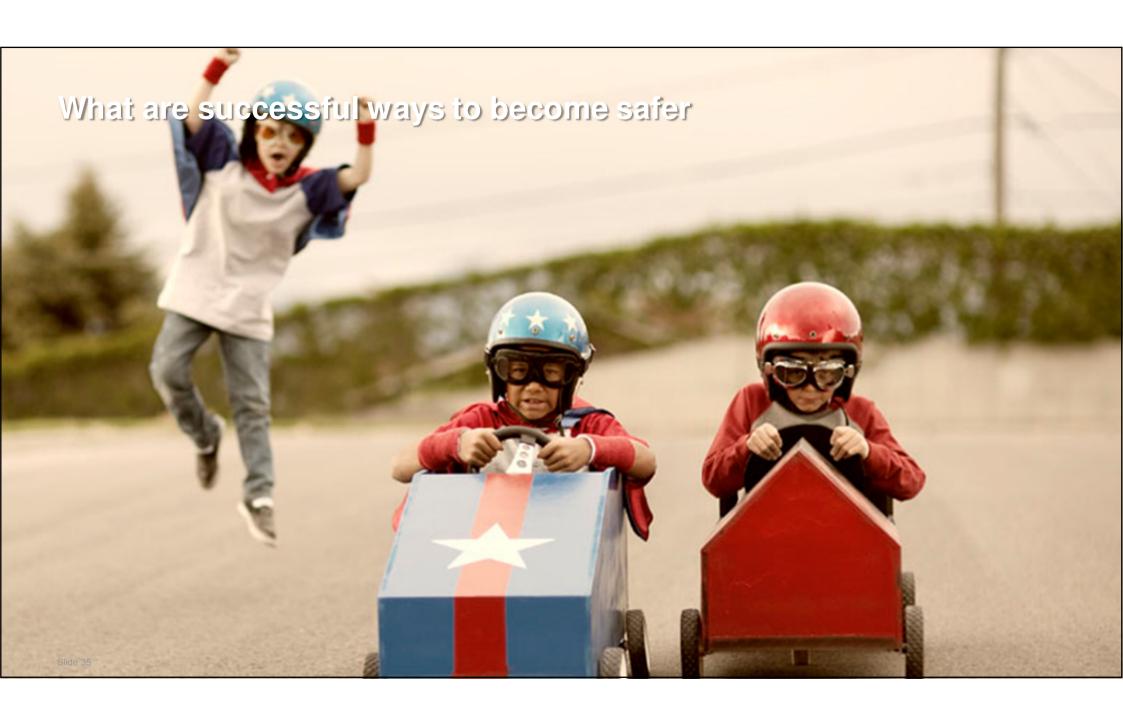
Performance (OTP).

Culturally, they have seen improved labour management relations; employees are more likely to stop a job to prevent an incident; team functioning has improved; people watch out for each other and freely approach supervisors with safety issues.

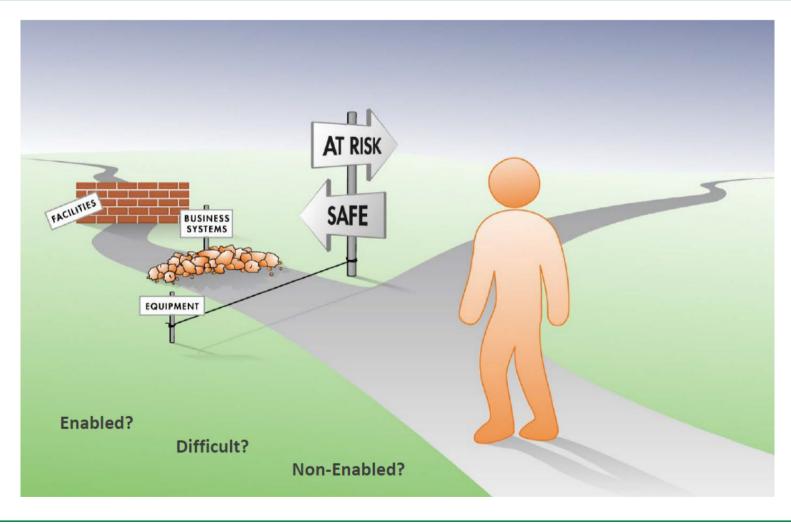
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e author



What the organization and employees are doing





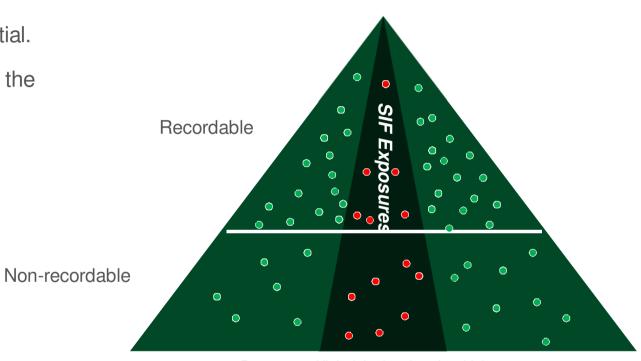
What Leaders Are Doing

- Less about TRIR/LTIR, more about what happened, personal impacts, concerns, feelings.
- Keep case management vigor behind closed doors.
- Everybody is protected and counted.
- Climate supports and encourages near-miss reports.
- Leaders become "advocates for their workers."
- Gather more info with live conversations, site visits.
- Never walk past.
- Focus on what really matters. Question critical exposures and controls, especially material risks.
- Zero tolerance for deviation from centerline, and authority to grant variances is tightly controlled
- Requirements for ROI are eliminated or reduced.



What the Risk Management approach is doing

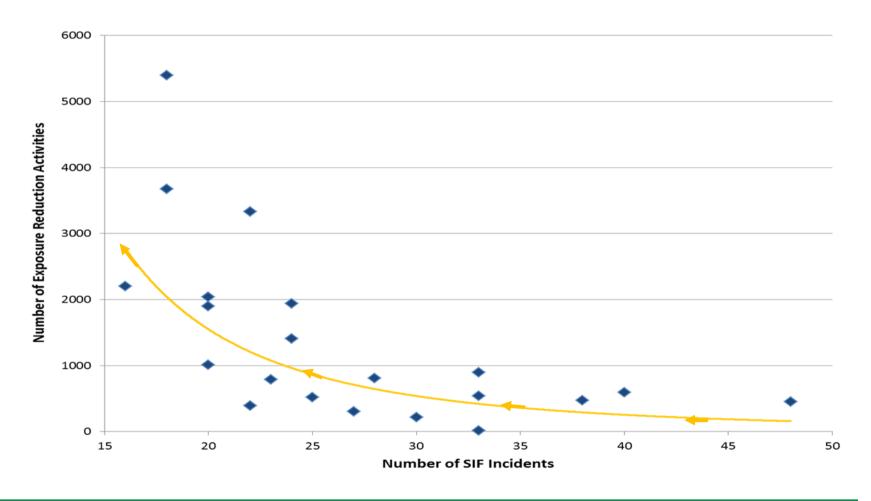
- Not all injuries have Serious Injury and Fatality (SIF) potential.
- A reduction of injuries at the bottom of the triangle does <u>not</u> correspond to a proportionate reduction of SIFs



Precursors: High-risk situations in which management controls are either absent, ineffective, or not complied with, and which will result in a serious or fatal injury if allowed to continue



Exposure reduction activities correlate with decreasing SIF incidents





Ideas for Leading Indicators...

- % SIF Exposure and Ratio SIF Actuals to Potentials
- Ratio "X" SIF cases reviewed/"Y" SIF cases reported (by executive management)
- SIF Repeats % reduction in repeat SIF events, reduction in repeat SIF rate
- Preventive Action Extension
 (number of times implementation of corrective and preventive actions have been extended beyond deadline)
- % Implementation of lessons learned
- % Leadership Best practices improvement
- % of exposure reduction measures successfully completed



Thank You!

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